

W-71-01

**INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO 6228-1980 (E)/ERRATUM**

Published 1981-12-01

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION · МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ · ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

**Chemical products for industrial use — General method
for determination of traces of sulphur compounds, as
sulphate, by reduction and titrimetry****ERRATUM***Page 3***Table**

Delete "From 4,5 to 450", and substitute :

"From 45 to 450"

International Standard



6228

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Chemical products for industrial use — General method for determination of traces of sulphur compounds, as sulphate, by reduction and titrimetry

Produits chimiques à usage industriel — Méthode générale de dosage, à l'état de sulfate, de traces de composés soufrés, par réduction et titrimétrie

First edition — 1980-11-01

UDC 543.242.8 : 546.221/.226

Ref. No. ISO 6228-1980 (E)

Descriptors : chemical analysis, determination of content, sulphur, trace elements, reduction analysis, volumetric analysis, test equipment.

Price based on 7 pages

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 6228 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*, and was circulated to the member bodies in November 1978.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Australia	Hungary	Romania
Austria	India	South Africa, Rep. of
Belgium	Israel	Switzerland
Bulgaria	Italy	Turkey
China	Korea, Rep. of	United Kingdom
Czechoslovakia	Mexico	USSR
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Netherlands	Yugoslavia
France	New Zealand	
Germany, F. R.	Poland	

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.

This International Standard has also been approved by the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC).